

Table 16
Amphibian and Reptile Occurrence in the Planning Area

<i>Species</i>	<i>#MNHP records*</i>	<i># records 1994- 1998</i>	<i># sites 1996- 1998</i>	<i>Preferred Habitat</i>
Long-toed salamander (<i>Ambystoma macrodactylum</i>)	31	20	0	Wetlands in low elevation sagebrush to alpine
Tiger salamander (<i>Ambystoma tigrinum</i>)	21	3	2	Ponds, lakes, springs, rodent burrows during daytime
Tailed frog (<i>Ascaphus truei</i>)	46	28	0	Small, swift , cold mountain streams
Western (Boreal) toad (<i>Bufo boreas</i>)	65	37	7	Terrestrial with wide range of elevation, breed in shallow water with mud bottom
Western chorus frog (<i>Pseudacris triseriata</i>)	40	37	5	Terrestrial except during breeding, grasslands and open forest
Northern leopard frog (<i>Rana pipiens</i>)	21	7	0	Dense vegetation in non-forested habitat
Columbia spotted frog (<i>Rana luteiventris</i>)	222	152	32	Water bodies within openings in forest habitat
Painted turtle (<i>Chrysemys picta</i>)	14	10	1	Lower elevation ponds, lakes, slow moving streams
Rubber boa (<i>Charina bottae</i>)	32	5		Around logs and rocks in moist or dry forest types
Racer (<i>Coluber constrictor</i>)	13	3		Open habitat in shortgrass, shrublands or forest
Gopher (Bull) snake (<i>Pituophis catenifer</i>)	22	11		Dry arid areas in grassland, shrubland or open pine forest
Western rattlesnake (<i>Crotalus viridis</i>)	39	17	2	Open, arid areas, rock outcrops
Common garter snake (<i>Thamnophis sirtalis</i>)	21	8		Forest habitats, low elevation wetlands
Western garter snake (<i>Thamnophis elegans</i>)	121	75	17	Most habitats but most common around wetlands
*combined records for Dillon and Butte Field Offices				

tablished. A recent release along the Jefferson River near Whitehall in the late 1990s established turkeys on private lands. A small amount of su public land habitat is available in that area. Chukar and ring-necked pheasant have been released in small numbers on private lands primarily in major river bottoms with relatively short-term success, and no effect on public lands.

Proposed reintroductions are coordinated and/or implemented by Montana FWP on a case-by-case basis. Only native species can be reintroduced in BLM wilderness areas and WSAs. Non-native species can be released on other public lands through an approved habitat management plan.